39/ 25X1A

Approved # 6ARelease 2001/12/146EULA RDP82-00457R008400

'INFORMATION REPORT

On Ind / WEAR

Soviet Participation in Tongsten

Soviet Participation in Tungsten Mining, Kiangsi Province

25X1A LACE CQUIRED

KATAN) >

UBJECT

FO.

25X1A

TATE

NAVY

AIR

DATE DISTR. 20 SEPT 51

NO. OF PAGES 1

NO: OF ENCLS.

CD NO.

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X

- 1. In October 1950, after a survey and inspection by a group of technicians and two Soviet advisers who had been sent by the Chinese Communist Central and South China Military and Administratice Commission, a Tungsten Ore Control Committee was established with CHUNG Ming (食 明), commissar of the Southern Kiangsi Administrative Bureau, as chairman, and TU I-fan (社 新) as deputy. In addition to the Committee, a Tungsten Bureau was set up to specialize in the production of tungsten ores.
- 2. The main office of the Tungsten Bureau is at Kanhsien (114-54, 25-52), with branch offices at Tayu (114-19, 25-50), bsinfeng (114-50, 25-24), Lungman (114-34, 24-14), Yutu (115-15, 25-56), mingtu (115-50, 26-22) and T'aiho (114-53, 26-47), controlling 130 mining areas. Two of these mining areas, the Lungshang (新山) area at T'aiho and hishuashan (西山) at Tayu, are equipped with five mining machines operated by 27 Soviet technicians who were sent there in January 1951.
- The mianged mining areas employ a total of approximately 9,600 laborers, and have a production of about 7,000 tons of ore per month:

Area	number of Laborers	konthly Production
Lungshang	more than 3,000	600-800 tons
ligihuashan	about 2,000	500-700 tons
All others	about 4,600	about 6,000 tons

Of the total production, 6,000 tons per month are sent to the USSR in partial payment of the Soviet loan of US 3300,000,000 to Communist China.

1. Comment. It is not clear whether each of these areas has five machines and 27 technicians, or the machines and technicians are divided between the two areas.

CLASSIFICATION

K NSRB

